ONITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS HO. Hox 1950 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

		·		
APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	· FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/772,798	. 02/05/2004	Jean-Philippe Wary	704-011678-US (PAR)	5205
2512 PERMAN & G	7590 05/15/200 REEN	7	EXAMINER	
425 POST ROA	AD		MEDE, ESTEVE	
FAIRFIELD, CT 06824			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		·	2109	
				·
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/15/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/772,798	WARY, JEAN-PHILIPPE			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Esteve Mede	2109			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05 F</u> c	ebruary 2004.				
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-10 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) ☐ Interview Summary	(PTO 413)			
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 02/05/2004.	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate			

1. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: in page 2, lines 7 the term "a person who does not known the key K" should be --a person who does not know the key k--; on page 6, lines 16 the term "sought co" should be --sought to--.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Objections

2. Claims 1-10 are objected to because of the following informalities: in claim 1, line the term "the round functions" should be --round functions--; in claim 1, line 6 the term "the round functions" should be --round functions--; in claim 1, line 7-8 the term "by the conversion of digit words" should be --by a conversion of digit words--; in claim 1, line 9 the term "applied to these binary words" should be --applied to the binary words--; in claim 1, line 12 the "." (Period at the end of binary words) should be removed; in claims 2-10, lines 1 the term "a method" should be --the method--. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in thisOffice action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

⁽b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Art Unit: 2109

4. Claims 1-2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being unpatentable by Adams et al. (5,949,884).

Regarding claim 1 Adams discloses a method wherein for the generation of a pseudo-random permutation of an N-digit word in which: a generalized Feistel scheme is implemented are functions (Fi) such that: an input words of the round functions are produced by the conversion of digit words into binary words (the limitation of a digit word converted into a binary word is inherent in the claimed invention as all data entered into an electronic device is automatically converted into binary); then a one-way function is applied to the binary words (see abstract, line 7); finally, the output in digits is a function of these binary words (the limitation of the output in digits is a function of these binary words an intrinsic property of the claimed invention as in a computing system when a digit is taking as input, it is converted to binary word as binary word is machine language all functions then take place on the binary word), and digit is giving at output digit word to be enciphered is read in a memory (the limitation of the digit word is read into memory is well known in the art is an intrinsic property of the invention as it is factual that all data in a computer system must first be read before it is encrypted); the generalized Feistel scheme used comprises at least T = 5 rounds (col. 3, lines 66-67).

Regarding claim 2, Adams discloses the method wherein the one-way function of the binary words users a standard pseudo-random cryptography function on binary words (col. 4, lines 16-17).

Application/Control Number: 10/772,798

Art Unit: 2109

Regarding claim 3, Adams disclosed the method wherein the standard pseudo-random function on the binary words uses SHA-1 function (col. 2, lines 64-66).

Regarding claim 4, Adams discloses the method wherein the number of rounds T of the Feistel scheme is smaller than or equal to 30 (col. 3, lines 66-67).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Adams et al. (US 5,949,884).

Regarding claim 5, Adams discloses all the limitation of claim 5, except that the rounds of the Feistel scheme are equal to six. The general concept of having the Feistel scheme rounds equal to 6 is well known in the art as illustrated by Adams, which discloses a Feistel scheme of 8 rounds (col. 3, lines 66-67). Therefore it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Adams to include the use of 6 round Feistel scheme in order to provide suitable encryption on data.

Application/Control Number: 10/772,798

Art Unit: 2109

7. Claims 6-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Adams et al. (US 5,949,884) in view of Coppersmith et al. (6,189,0095).

Regarding claim 6, Adams discloses all the limitation of claim 6 except that the method wherein during odd-value rounds of the Feistel scheme, the round function works on a word which a length B, and during even-valued rounds of the Feistel scheme it works on words within a length of A digits, where A+B = N. The general concept of during odd-valued the round function works on length B and during even-valued the round function works on length A is well known in the art as illustrated by Coppersmith, which discloses a Feistel scheme during odd-valued the function works on length S and during even valued works on length T where A+B = N (col. 3, lines30-41). Therefore it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Adams to include the use of Coppersmith in order to apply the Feistel scheme on odd and even valued.

Regarding claims 8-10, Adams discloses all the limitation of claims 8-10, however Adams did not say that the length is between [7, 30], [10, 30] and [13, 30]. The general concept of having a predetermined length is well known in the art as illustrated by Coppersmith, which discloses a method of encrypting and decrypting an input message block of binary data of predetermined length (see abstract, lines 1-2). Therefore it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Adams to include the used of predetermined input in order to specified the length of the inputs.

Application/Control Number: 10/772,798 Page 6

Art Unit: 2109

Conclusion

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Esteve Mede whose telephone number is 571-270-1594. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Friday, 8:30-5:00 PM, EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Frantz Jules can be reached on 571-272-6681. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Esteve Mede em May 4, 2007

FRANTZ JULES
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

The total of the second of the

Application/Control Number: 10/772,798

Page 7

Art Unit: 2109